Sculptra Tips: Preparing Both Product and Patient

By Damian McNamara
Miami Bureau

Miami Beach — Although most U.S. dermatologists have limited experience with poly-lactic acid, this filler can be used successfully to correct lipodystrophy, Susan H. Weinkle, M.D., said at a seminar sponsored by the Skin Disease and Education Foundation.

Proper restoration, technique, and patient education were among the practical tips Dr. Weinkle presented for preparation of both the product and the patient. Poly-lactic acid (Sculptra, Dermalab Laboratories, which is indicated for restoration and/or correction of lipodystrophy in people with human immunodeficiency virus, was fast-tracked and approved by the Food and Drug Administration in August. Some physicians have been using the filler’s label to restore volume to the aging face.

“Both the HIV and aging patients develop lipodystrophy, a loss of fat and a loss of volume,” its label tells other physicians in plastic surgery the way to deal with this is to pull and stretch. We want to volumize and fill,” said Dr. Weinkle, a dermatologist in private practice in Bradenton, Fla., who is on the advisory boards for Galderma, Procter & Gamble, and Dermal.

Poly-lactic acid (PLLA) is not a site-specific wrinkle filler; it is a “global volume sculptor,” Dr. Weinkle said. It returns desired contours by smoothing wrinkles and folds from the inside out. The product stimulates a patient’s own fibroblasts to produce collagen. “We’re not injecting the material,” she said. “We’re stimulating the patient’s own fibroblasts to produce collagen."

“T typically takes from three to five monthly treatment sessions to yield desired results.”

The filler material is freeze dried. Reconstitution with 5 mL sterile water or 4 mL sterile water and 1 mL lidocaine with epinephrine is recommended. Reconstitution with only 3 mL is possible, but this formulation should be reserved for experienced injectors who are treating the most severe cases, Dr. Weinkle said.

Do not shake the vial during immediate reconstitution. Set it aside for at least 2 hours. “I like to hydrate it the night before,” she added. Shake firmly just prior to injection.

Unlike some fillers, PLLA does not require an allergic skin test, and refrigeration is not needed. But because it has only a limited shelf life once reconstituted, PLLA can be difficult for patients to cancel or miss an appointment. Some physicians are requiring patients to prepay the estimated $800-$1,000 for each vial.

“TUS varies a lot. If the patient does not show up, you have 72 hours to use it. If you have some left, give it to your office staff, if suitable. Your of-
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**Common Sense Liposuction Tips**

**St. Louis** — Beware of the patient who considers liposuction just another type of “extreme make-over,” Richard L. Schloemer, M.D., said at the World Congress on Liposuction Surgery.

“You cannot stress enough that liposuction is a major operation, and that if not done right it can lead to deformity, major complications, and death,” he said.

Liposuction is not for weight loss, though it can contribute to an overall weight loss plan. It’s absolutely essential that patients lower their body mass index one level before surgery, and that they maintain a diet afterward, said Dr. Schloemer, a surgeon in private practice in Troy, Ala. “I recommend the ‘no white diet.’ If it’s white, don’t eat it—potatoes, bread, rice, dairy products,” he said at the congress, sponsored by the American Academy of Cosmetic Surgery.

Informed consent is vital. “You can’t give a person too much information, and even when you do, you’d be surprised at how little they retain,” he said. For example, one of his patients ignored instructions and took a soapy whirlpool bath 4 hours post procedure, and then spent 3 days in the hospital with a soap burn.

Preventing hypothermia is another important consideration. A cold operating room, cold solutions, and sedation can contribute to severe shaking.

But never use electric heating pads, he said. That practice resulted in a third-degree burn requiring a skin graft in one of his patients. “A heating pad that may fluctuate to greater than 100° F, and a wet solution in a numb patient can be a terrible combination. You have to warm the room and the solutions even if it is uncomfortable for you,” Dr. Schloemer said.

Given the availability of tumescent anesthesia and intravenous sedation, general anesthesia is simply not necessary for liposuction. It’s generally advisable to keep the lidocaine dose at 50 mg/kg or below to prevent toxicity, however.

“At the end of the procedure, have the patient stand up so you can assess the effects of gravity and ensure symmetry,” he said. “Finally, don’t promise too much, and remember that liposuction isn’t for everyone. Declining to operate often shows good judgment and gains patient respect,” he said.

—Nancy Walsh