Eating Activated Charcoal Reduces Excessive Gas

BY SHERRY BOSCHERT
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LAKE TAHOE, CALIF. — Ingesting six capsules of activated charcoal twice a day is the best treatment option for patients with excessive flatus not caused by an underlying treatable condition, Dr. Nirmal S. Mann said at a meeting on gastroenterology and hepatology sponsored by the University of California, Davis.

People normally pass flatus a mean of 15 times per day. Those whose bowels release more gas often or in larger quantities than normal may become socially embarrassed by the sound and smell, start shunning social gatherings, or even develop marital problems, said Dr. Mann, of UC-Davis.

Dietary modifications may help, such as avoiding excessive ingestion of beans, cabbage, starch, or complex carbohydrates, which are more likely to cause gas. The over-the-counter product Beano, containing a galactosidase derived from Aspergillus niger, claims to reduce flatus but does not help, he said.

Lactase-deficient patients should avoid ingesting lactose. One lactose-intolerant patient who passed flatus 114 times in 24 hours solved the problem by restricting lactose in the diet. The small intestine has a limited capacity to absorb fructose, so patients with excessive gas should avoid high-fructose tropical fruits, such as dates and mangoes, in favor of such low-fructose fruits as cantaloupe.

Artificial sweeteners used in some chewing gum and soft drinks generate more gas, including sorbitol, mannitol, and xylitol. Advise diabetic patients, who are more likely to use these products, if they're complaining of flatus, he suggested. Sucrose deficiency, a congenital disease, may be the cause of excessive flatus. This condition, especially in children, and treat it with saccharose, Dr. Mann added.

Another underlying cause of excessive flatus—small bowel bacterial overgrowth—occurs in about 35% of patients with inflammatory bowel disease. Hydrogen breath tests can detect this problem, which can be treated with antibiotics. For patients who do not fit into any of the categories above, oral activated charcoal is the best short-term treatment option, Dr. Mann said. He and his associates gave activated charcoal to six patients with excessive flatus and six control patients; they measured the number of times the patients passed flatus in 8 hours, the amount of gas with each release, and bloating scores.

All parameters decreased in both groups with treatment. “Five out of six patients came back thanking me profusely” for reducing flatus, he said. The sixth patient had only a marginal response, so activated charcoal doesn’t work every time.

Airtight undergarments containing a charcoal-lined cushion also have been marketed. A recent study found that the cushion made no difference, but the airtight construction contained the smell, if not the sound, of flatus.

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